NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1888. --- TWELVE PAGES.

THE HEART OF THE DARK CONTINENT.

MAP ILLUSTRATING MR. STANLEY'S TRAVELS.

EMIN'S PROVINCE-THE CONGO FREE STATE-GEOGRAPHY OF THE CONGO BASIN-PATHWAY OF THE MISSING EXPLORER

DOFAI El Obeid

time the geographical results of the latest Central African exploration. Shaded lines mark the boundary of Emin Pacha's province. To the north and north west of it are the Bahr el Ghazel, Shekha, Darfur and Kordofan, the provinces once constituting Egypt's but now under the sway of the Khalif Abdullah of Khartoum, successor to the Mahdi and himself commonly called the Mahdi. Khartoum,

the seat of the rebel government, is seen in the north

east, at the junction of the White and Blue Niles.

The above map presents to the public for the first | In the central lower portion of the map is shown the | Emin Pacha, is not shown on the map, but may be iocated by the reader on the Nepoko branch, midway between Yambouga and Telli. Mr. Stanley probably course of the Congo River, with its tributaries, Mo-bangi, Welle, Aruwhimi, etc. Mr. Stanley's route was up the Congo to Stanley Falls Station, just north Mr. Stanley's route met Emin Pacha, as expected, at Wadelal, in the south of the intersection of the Congo by the Equator. Thence, having installed Tippoo Tib as Governor, he returned to the junction of the Aruwhimi (shown at the middle of the map, just north of the Equator) and pursued his way up that river, leaving a camp under Major Barttelot at Yambouga. The village of Bonyala, to which Mr. Stanley returned after reaching | mysterious "White Pacha," is just north of Emin's | of December 15.

ern part of the province, near the northern end of Lado, where Emin is said by Osman Digna to have been taken prisoner, is two hundred miles further north, down the Nile, and is, of course, accessible by steamer from Khartoum. The Bahr el Ghazel country, the scene of the campaign of the

invaded by the Mahdist troops; and west of that are Lake Tsad, the oil rivers and the Niger, whither recent theories represented Mr. Stanley as making his way. In the northeast corner of the map are seen Suakim, held by the British, and Massowah, held by In the southeast are Zanzioar and the terri tories of the British and German Fast African com panies. A full account of Mr. Stanley's expedition and of Emin Pacha's work was printed in The Tribun

WESTERN RAILROAD PRESIDENTS HOLD A PEACE CONFERENCE.

THE ARRANGEMENTS NOT YET COMPLETED, BUT

CONFIDENCE EXPRESSED THAT THE WARS ARE ENDED.

Conference between the presidents of the principal railroad companies west of Chicago and prominent representatives of large European and American banking houses have been held at the house of J. Pierpont Morgan in the forenoon of the past two days. Besides Mr. Morgan the banking interests were represented by John Crosby Brown, of Brown Brothers & Co., and George C. Magoun, of Kidder, Peabody & Co., who are the New-York agents of the Barings. All the Western railroads were represented except the Chicago and Alton. Among those present were Presidents Charles Francis Adams, of the Union Pacific; Jay Gould, of the Missouri Pacific; R. R. Cable, of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; Charles E. Perkins, of the Chicago, Burlington and Quinev: Edward F. Winslow, of the St. Louis and San Francisco; and Vice-Presidents Frank S. Bond, of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul; and Marvin Hughitt, of the Chicago and Northwestern. The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe was represented by Mr. Magoun, who was recently elected a director of the company, and by President Wins-

low, of the St. Louis and San Francisco. The discussion at the meetings has been full, and, while no tangible results were reached, they are said to have been highly satisfactory. Thursday morning President Cable, of the Rock Island, remarked that the preliminary agreement had not been signed by Mr. Gould, who replied tillt he had not signed because he was not entirely satisfied with the form of the agreement. He expressed his willingness to assent to a maintenance of rates, but intimated that he would prefer to see all the names on one document. It was explained immediately that separate papers had been sent to the companies merely for the purpose of saving time, and it is understood that all the objections offered by Mr. Gould were quickly overcome.

The Chicago and Alton has not yet signed the agreement, and it was not represented at either meeting, but there was little doubt among the persons present that the company would be brought promptly into line. While that company refused to take part in the Clearing House plan which was recently proposed, many prominent shareholders are known to be in favor of the present agreement to maintain rates, and their influence on the management is likely to be felt within a

that time to require thirty days notice from any company wishing to withdraw from the compact. The presidents become personally responsible for the maintenance of rates, and agree to deprive subordinate officers who may deviate from the tariff of the power to make rates. In the ninety days which seem to be the assured life of the agreement the second of the agreement.

ty and be represented by their presidents other high officers. If their earnings should would derive the benefit through the stock of admitted yesterday that it might take six months to perfect this plan, or another of a similar scope and character, but the utmost confidence that rates could be maintained under the present agreement until the negotiations were completed was expressed. J. Pierpont Morgan said that the conferences had been entirely satisfactory and that the Western railroad situation had been vastly improved by them. He added: "The railroad officers who were present were earnest in their wish to secure a lasting peace. I consider the Western rate wars as practically at an end."

A SMUGGLING SYNDICATE AT VICTORIA.

Chicago, Dec. 21 .- An interesting story is printed this morning of the operations of the opium-smugglins gang, one of whose leaders, Captain Durant, so nar-rowly escaped from the customs officers at Sand Beach, Mich., a week ago. The correspondent says that Durant and his lieutenant, Charles Weitzel, are living at the best hotel in Sarnia and are lionized by the residents of that little Canadian town. They have been smuggling opium for the last two years and have successfully landed hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of the costly drug on the other side agents of a rich syndicate that was organized several years ago for the express purpose of smuggling oplum into the United States from the manufactories at Victoria, B. C. The syndicate has \$5,000,000 behind and is largely controlled by C. J. Joslyn, of Victoria. Joslyn among smugglers is known as "Boss Harris." He is rich and makes no effort to conceal the fact that he is the biggest smuggler in the Dominion. Outside of a money risk, he takes no chances. That is, while he is willing to risk the danger of having his valuable consignment confiscated, he never ventures across the border, for he knows that a big him very much, for he spends his money freely among all times to render him assistance in secreting contraband goods so as to throw the detectives off the track, and he pays well for their services.

Another active member of the "Harris gang" operates under the assumed name of Spencer. tends to shipping the goods from Victoria. A rich San Francisco merchant is said to be prominently identified with the syndicate. A man for many years an interpreter is another member. A Toronto China-man and "Opium Pete," of San Francisco, comprise man and "Opium Pete," of San Francisco, comprise the rest of the syndicate. Besides these, there are a large number of agents whose duty it is to look after the consignments from the time they leave Victoria, shoving them from one point to another in the Dominion, transporting them over the border, and then reshipping across the States to California. Chief among the agents are Captain Durant and the Weitzel brothers, Charles and George. Both of the Weitzel brothers, Charles and George. Both of the Weitzel brothers, Charles and George. Both of the Weitzel boys are now in Sarnia, and, together with Captain Durant, are awaiting instructions from "Boss" Harris, who has been informed by telegraph of the seizure of his goods last week.

The value of the combined product of the factories in British Columbia, the headquarters of the Harris gang, is estimated at \$5,000,000 per annom, and of this more than 90 per cent goes to the United States. It is believed that less than 10 per cent of it passes through the custom houses. The gang operates not only at Sarnia, but all along the northern border of the United States as well.

New-Brunswick, N. J., Dec. 21 (Special).—A number of Brunswickers have received notices signed by alleged White Caps, and considerable amusement has been caused by the tales that are told of what the notices contained. The letters were sent by practical jokers, and hit their recipients in vulnerable points.

New-Brunswick, N. J., Dec. 21 (Special).-A gentleman connected with the suit over the Meyer millions, says that the compromise by which the codicil was admitted to probate will not be extended to the New-York suits, and that Mrs. Mayer will not withdraw her contest over the will.

PRICE THREE CENTS. THE YANKEES OF BROOKLYN

ANNUAL DINNER OF THEIR NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY.

SPEECHES BY PRESIDENT WINSLOW, HENRY CABOT LODGE, THE REV. DRS. TALMAGE AND MEREDITH, EX-GOVERNOR

HOADLY, JUDGE BRADY AND

GENERAL WOODFORD.

The Brooklyn New-England Society, for the ainth time since its corporation, took advantage est night of the doubt concerning the exact date of the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers to anticipate the festivity of the kindred organization in New-York. For the ninth time its members plumed themselves on the finer lineage indicated by their Yankee smartness in getting ahead of their kinsmen over the Bridge, and every lively sally and flash of wit served to celebrate not only the arrival of he Forefathers, but also the discomfiture of the

New-York branch of their descendants. Latter-day Puritans who stoutly assert that at pinch they could subsist on raw salt pork, hard iscuit and melted snow, with Calvin's "Institutes" and Foxe's " Book of Martyrs" for mental pabulum, contemplated with enthusiasm the badge distributed among the guests-a ruddy ribbon earing the counterfeit presentment of a mediae val bark anchored in a sea of gilt, with her yards s-cock-bill and the St. George's cross fluttering from her main. Lest they should forget their obligations to the worthy progenitors whom she brought across the sea, the tasteful though not elaborate menu-card was ornamented with a nicture of the white-haired, heavily-cloaked Carver, directing the operations of Cromwellian warriors, with casque, cuirass and arguebuss, on a wintry and snow-clad shore

RECEIVING THE GUESTS. The guests were received on entering by President John Winslow, who stood at the head of the stairs leading to the spacious "art-rooms' of the Academy building and who was assisted by the Committee of Arrangements, Ethan Allen Doty, James S. Case, and that rising and popular young Brooklynite and ardent Republican, W. H. Williams. The dining hall was profusely decorated with flags, streamers, and shields bearing the devices of the different States; and Ali's band, enconced behind a screen of living palms, revived agreeable memories of "Erminie" during the even-

At the right of President Winslow sat Henry Cabot Lodge, General Stewart L. Woodford, ex-Fovernor Hoadly, of Ohio; the Rev. Dr. R. R. Meredith, and John W. Hunter, of the St. Nicholas Society. Late in the evening Theodore Roosevelt's eyeglasses and blond mustache were added to the group on this side. At the left, Judge Brady discussed fine wines with Benjamin D. Silliman, and J. S. T. Stranahan expounded to Dr. Talmage his scheme for the establishment of a netropolis greater than that by the Thames. Congressman J. C. Burrows and John M. Allen were expected, but could not appear. The Rev.

H. Price Collier offered grace SOME OF THOSE PRESENT.

Among the 300 guests present at the eight long

tables were J. S. T. Stranahan, W. W. Robinson,

I. N. Ford, George J. Laighton, C. S. Van Wagoner,

M. C. Ogden, T. L. Woodruff, W. H. Nichols, W. W.

loodrich, Congressman-elect William C. Wallace, saac H. Carey, S. S. Beard, General H. W. Slocum, William C. De Witt, Samuel McLean, Edgar M. Cuilen, Jesse Johnson, Leonard Moody, A. E. Lamb, Henry R. Heath, R. H. Thomas, John B. Woodward, Eugene G. Blackford, William H. Varing, William Berri, Ethan Allen Doty, Edwin Packard, A. D. Baird, Silas B. Dutcher, General Benjamin F. Tracy, John F. Henry, Thomas S. Thorp, George A. Evans, George S. Small, William . Coombs, Sanford H. Steele, D. H. Cornell, W. S. Sillcocks, John Y. Cuyler, George F. Gregory, David Barnett, William C. Pate, W. H. H. Childs David Barnett, William C. Pate, W. H. H. Childs, N. Townsend Thayer, Quincy A. Atwood, James H. Ihorp, H. H. Beadle, Henry Elliott, John E. Jacobs, Jeorge A. Boynton, N. F. Bon, J. N. Kalley, Edwin Sherman, A. J. Nutting, Dr. J. E. Richardsen, Richard S. Barnes, Thomas E. Pursail, Arthur H. Lowe, Benjamin C. Dean, James E. Dean, Melson G. Carman, Jr., H. D. Polhemus, William Hester, Alden S. Swan, William M. Van Auden, William Merrill, John L. How, Andrew Jacobs, Henry Lowe, Benjamin C. Dean, James E. Dean, Nelson G. Carman, Jr., H. D. Polhemus, William Hester, Alden S. Swan, William M. Van Anden, William Merrill, John L. How, Andrew Jacobs, Henry Pratt, C. B. Davenport, F. E. Taylor, William T. Lawrence, John P. Adams, George C. Bradley, Clarence Vose, Thomas H. Unckles, Joel W. Hyde, Charles H. Wheeler, John A. Tweedy, Edwin H. Lorey, Edward K. Sombom, Walter S. Badger, W. L. Vanlerwoort, Robert Foster Thomas S. Moore, Franklin Allen, William C. Bowers, Arthur R. Jarrett, Edward F. Gaylor, A. de Riestbal, Speneer Swain, H. B. Moore, Charles N. Manchester, Charles S. Higgins, William B. Davenport, James Q. Bergen, Jossah T. Mareau, Charles J. Patterson, Samuel O. Blood, Charles F. Lawrence, J. H. Noyes, Henry F. Noyes, H. W. Slocaum, ir., John J. Jenkins, Elihu Spicer, Augustus Van Wyck, Samuel W. Boocock, George P. Merrill, Chauner, W. Barting, M. H. Clement, Willard Bartlett, William M. Dykman, N. H. Clement, Willard Bartlett, William B. Kendall, Charles B. Tucker, H. A. Tucker, Charles M. Stafford, L. S. Tucker, I. L. Bragdon, W. B. Boorum, J. A. Kimball, J. S. James, A. Stliggins, William H. Hill, R. Proddow, Engens F. O'Connor, E. L. Maxwell, Charles H. Requa, F. De Witt Talmage, H. A. Tucker, Ir., J. B. Hamilton, F. B. Bassett, L. B. Bassett, C. B. Lawrence, J. H. Farrington, Joseph B. Elliott, John R. Wilmarth, Frank Squier, Reuben Leland, Charles A. Moore, James S. Railey, Charles S. Parsons, H. S. Stewart, William Sullivan, William Adams, E. F. Beadle, Nelson J. Gates, William Adams, E. F. Beadle, Nelson J. Gates, William G. Creamer, George H. Prentiss, R. D. Benedict, George M. Nichols, Rufus L. Soot, James H. Pittenger, Henry L. Coe, Daniel P. More, W. W. Butlle, Charles W. House, John T. Randall, J. W. Brunn, George W. Almy, Charles S. Perry, Charles Pratt, Henry Coffin, S. V. Lowell, William H. Taylor, C. E. Staples, S. E. Howard, J. P. Wallace, Dr. J. S. Johnson, G. S. Hutchinson, E. H. Kellogg, William D. Wade, Louis Saulnier, William Coit, William H. Soot, Ja

PRESIDENT WINSLOW'S ADDRESS. At a little before balf-past eight, when the odor of coffee was fragrant in the nostrils of the diners and cigar smoke wrapped their genial countenances in a soft, blue haze, President John Winslow arose to begin the intellectual part of

the following is a part:

Gentlemen of the New-England Society in the City of Brooklyn, Guests and Friends: On this, the ninth anniversary of our society and the two-hundred-and-sixty-eighth of the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers, we are assembled to honor ourselves by honoring them. Our society is prosperous and has in its treasury £15,645.75, and no debts. This shows an increase of £1,130.54 over last year. Our by-laws promise in case of need to pay the widow or children of any deceased member a sum equal to five times the amount such deceased member has paid to the society. Our ability to keep this promise is assured by the good condition of our treasury. Ours is a case where a surplus is not an affliction, but rather a comfort to the widow and the orphan. (Applause.)

As descendants of New-England stock, while we make no narrow comparisons with men of other descent, we rest quite content with the place assigned to us in history by a kind Providence. Just here it is proper to say there is one with us to-night of whom we are justly proud, and whom we condicily greet as a New-Englander, and as a boyal, comest member of our Society, of high character and intelligence, the Hon. Benjamin D. Silliman, our president emeritus (boud applause).

The day we celebrate is of deep significance, Many grators and minent writers have an and minent writers have an and many orators and minent writers have an and minent writers have an and minent writers have an and many orators and minent writers have an and minent writers have the following is a part:

NEWS OF STANLEY AND EMIN ON THE ARUWHIMI IN AUGUST. ENCOURAGING DISPATCHES FROM THE EAST AND WEST COASTS.

TIPPOO TIB'S MEN CARRY THE TIDINGS TO ZANZIBAR-REPORTS THAT STILL LEAVE MUCH ROOM FOR CONJECTURE-EMIN HAS VAST STORES OF IVORY-ALL WELL WITH STANLEY'S MEN.

London, Dec. 21 .- The West African Telegraph Company has received the following dispatch from St. Thomas, dated Friday, 2 p. m.:

I have just received information that Henry M.

Stanley, with Emin Pacha, has arrived on the
Aruwhimi. The news is reliable. Further details
will follow. PARSONS, Agent.

A Zanzibar dispatch says: " Letters dated Stanley Falls, August 29, have been delivered here by Tippoo Tib's men. They state that a letter was received at Stanley Falls from Henry M. Stanley on August 28. Stanley was then at Bonyala, on the Aruwhimi, where he had arrived on August 17. He had left Emin Pacha eighty-two days before in perfect health and provided with plenty of food. Stanley had returned to Bonyala for the loads of stores in charge of his rear-guard, and intended to leave ten days later to rejoin Emin. He reported all the whites in the expedition as healthy, and said the expedition wanted nothing."

In the Stanley Falls advices it is stated that Stanley wrote that Emin was in possession of vast stores of ivery and many oxen, and that he had abundance of food. Stanley intended to leave Bonyala at the end of August.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Mr. Goschen, the acting Government leader, read, amid cheers, the telegram received by the West African Telegraph Company from St. Thomas, reporting the arrival of Stanley and Emin on the Aruwhimi. Mr. Goschen stated that the Government had not received any direct official news confirming this

BALFOUR CALLED "COWARD AND LIAR." DR. TANNER LOSES HIS TEMPER WHILE DE BATING IN THE COMMONS AND IS SUSPENDED.

London, Dec. 21.-In the House of Commons to-day. in committee on the Appropriation bill, Mr. Gerst being in the chair, Dr. Tanner offered an emendment opposing a grant of 300 pounds to Captain Seagrave. an Irish resident magistrate. Mr. Gorst ruled the amendment out of order, as the grant had already passed the committee stage and been approved by the

Dr. Clark, Mr. Caldwell and Mr. Tanner here pr posed amendments to various parts of the bill, and Mr. Gorst ruled them all out of order.

Dr. Tanner excitedly protested against the chairman's ruling. He said: "When we are here in committee of supply appropriating money to a swindler. thief and servant of the Irish Secretary, Mr. Balfour ought to be here, and not be such a coward as he is." Mr. Gorst ordered Dr. Tanner to resume his seat and to withdraw the word "coward." Dr. Tanner retorted: "I call him both a coward and

fr. Goschen hereupon moved that Dr. Tanner be lended. The House agreed without a division and Tanner left the Chamber.

KORD SALISBURY WILL NOT SAY WHEN HE WILL APPOINT LORD SACKVILLE'S SUCCESSOR. London, Dec. 21 .- In the House of Lords to-day the Earl of Dunraven asked Lord salisbury when the Govnent intended to appoint a Minister to succeed

NOT YET READY TO NAME A DAY.

Lord Sackville at Washington Lord Salisbury replied: "I have told my noble friend privately that the correspondence on the subject of the Minister of the United States is incomplete and that, therefore, in accordance with a uniform rule nothing. It has always been a usage the Executive Government, while it is in the province of Parliament to pass judgment on them after they have been made, but not to require the Government to give an opinion beforehand as to when they should be made. On these grounds I must leave the responsibility of introducing the subject on the noble Earl, and must ask the House to excuse me from making any

IS IT "JACK THE RIPPER" AGAIN? ANOTHER FALLEN WOMAN FOUND MURDERED

IN A SUBURB OF LONDON. ndon, Dec. 21.-The body of a woman, whos name is unknown, was found yesterday morning in the streets of Poplar, in the suburbs of London. An empty vial lay alongside the body, and the impres sion first formed was that the woman had committee suicide. At the coroner's inquest to-day, however, the physicians who examined the body testified that there were no signs of poison in the stomach, and declared their belief that the woman had been murdered by strangulation. They said the condition of the body justified this belief, and in addition to that there was a mark on the woman's neck which showed woman was of low character. When the body was found it was still warm. It was lying in an appen thoroughfare, and there is no possibility that the woman could have taken her own life. Some persons believe that her murderer is identical with the Whitechapel fiend, who, they think, has adopted a new method of disposing of his victims.

ANOTHER DYNAMITE BOMB IN PARIS. Paris, Dec. 21.-An attempt has been made to blow up the office of the Commissary of Police with a dynamite bomb. Nobody was injured.

Rome, Dec. 21.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the President read a letter from Prime Minister Crispi accepted with every mark of sympathy for Italy the bust of Garibaldi which the Italian residents of Washington had offered to express their gratitude to America. The contents of the letter were warmly ap-plauded by the members.

ALL QUIET AROUND SUAKIM. Suakim, Dec. 21.-The British force passed a quie night. A few of the enemy's horsemen have been seen in the distance. The men-of-war have been recalled from Handoub.

Osman Digna has collected his forces at Handoub it Telegrams congratulating the troops have been re

beived from Queen Victoria and the Khedive. London, Dec. 21.-In the debate on East African affairs, Lord Salisbury declared absolutely that there would be no expedition into the Soudan, but that Suskim must not be abandoned. He said he would not discuss the question of how far the garrison at Suakim must be increased, but the whole character of the operations must be enlarged. Any policy that was based on the idea that the friendly tribes would prefer the government of England to that of Egypt was founded upon sand. Those who advised the Government to seize Suakim and hoist the English flag there should study the Treaty of Paris.

ANGLO-AMERICAN PARCELS POST. London, Dec. 21.-Mr. Rowntree asked Mr. Raikes the Postmaster-General, if the Government would arrange to extend the parcels-post system to the service

with America. Mr. Raikes said that with the exception United States there was not a civilized country in the world which was without the parcel post. He had lost no chance of pressing the question upon the attention of the United States Post Office authorities. but the difficulty had been that the American law was supposed to stand in the way. Recent inquiries however, had led him to hope that the law barring the way to an actual convention would be overcome and that some temporary arrangement would be made. He would certainly seize the first occasion to recall would certainly seize the first occasion to recal subject to the attention of the American Govern

A RAILWAY THAT RUSSIA NEEDS. St. Petersburg, Dec. 21 .- The Industrial and Commercial Co-operative Society, of which General

to begin immediately the construction of a railway | A POLICEMAN WOUNDED BY BURGLARS. ii-Kavkas, in order the exclusion of Russian merchandise from the Persian markets. The society estimates the cost of such a railway at 5,000,000 roubles, and the time necessary for completing it at two years.

A DINNER TO MINISTER MCLANE. Paris, Dec. 21.—A dinner was given at the National Club this evening in honor of Mr. McLane, the American Minister. Among those present were MM. Le Royer, Cochery, Foucher de Carell, Leyrat, Lafayette and Bartholdi, Mr. Blanchaid, secretary of the American Committee on the Exhibition, and Lieutenant Buckingham, Military Attache of the United States

M. Cochery, in proposing the toast "America," said he hoped that the cordial relations existing between Fradce and the United States would always continue. M. Le Royer, who seconded the toast, expressed regret at Mr. McLane's expected rettrement.

Mr. McLane, replying to the toast, spoke in terms Mr. McLane, replying to the toast, spoke in terms of praise of the Republican institutions of France, and said he hoped that she would eventually triumph over all her difficulties, both internal and external. He reminded his heavers that, at the age of fitteen, he was a student at the Bourbon College, and with Lafayette had taken part in the Revolution of 1830. Last year he witnessed another revolution—the replacing of President Greyy. That enabled him to appreciate the progress that had been made in the intervening period.

A VERDICT FOR LORD CLANRICARDE. Dublin, Dec. 21.—In the case of Joyce against Lord Clauricarde, the Appeal Court has decided in favor of the latter, thus reversing the result of the original suit. Mr. Joyce, who was formerly agent for Lord Clandearde, brought suit for libel against the latter, claiming 50,000 pounds damages. The lower court gave him a verdict for 12,500 pounds.

THE HONORABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY. London, Dec. 21.-The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Portland and other officers who resigned their missions in the Honorable Artillery Company continue to be members of the corps. At a meeting of the company a deputation was appointed to prepare a statement of the company's affairs for presentation to Mr. Stanhope, Secretary for War.

THE SULTAN OF MOROCCO ILL Tangler, Dec. 21.—It is reported that the Sultan of Morocco is very ill. The Governors of the Provinces have been summoned to the court.

MRS. PHELPS DISTRIBUTES PRIZES. London, Dec. 21.-The United States Minister and minster Schools to day. Mrs. Phelps distributed the prizes. The choir sang "The Star Spangled Banner." Mr. Phelps, in an address to the distinguished company present, said that both he and Mrs. Phelps would return to America with pleasant memories of their stay in England. Mrs. Phelps attended the exercises of the United West-

A BLIZZARD RAGING IN CANADA. Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 21.-A severe blizzard is raging Trains are delayed. The thermometer is -

WHITE HOUSE NEWS BY WAY OF BRUSSELS. Brussels, Lec. 21.-The "Independance Belge" announces that President and Mrs. Cleveland will visit Europe soon after the expiration of Mr. Cleveland's term of office, and that they will remain for some time

A DECIDED CONSERVATIVE GAIN. London, Dec. 21.-In the Parliamentary election in the Stockton division to-day Mr. Davey, Liberal, received 3,889 votes, and Mr. Wrightson, Conservative, 3,494. In the last election the Liberal candidate re-ceived 3,882 and the Conservative 2,882.

A "NORTHER" BLOWING AT COLON. Panama, Dec. 21, via Gaiveston, Tex.-A "norther"

TWO BULGARIAN MINISTERS RESIGN. Sofia, Dec. 21.-M. Stolloff, Minister of Justice, and

Columbus, Ind., Dec. 21.—The large boiler in the spoke factory of Emmett & Sons, at Mount Vernon, Ind., exploded yesterday, instantly killing James Lett, of this city. James Lee, Joshua R. Low, " Andy" Jones and Charles Reed were fatally wounded. Ecveral other em-

BLAZING AWAY AT THE OFFICER AT SIX FEET RANGE IN A DARK ARCHWAY.

Springfield, Mass., Dec. 21 (Special).—Burglars attempted to enter Wilder & Puffer's grain warehouse. in Lyman-st., last night. They were surprised by Patrolman Coote just as they had removed a pane of glass, and one of them shot and wounded Coote. The officer tells the following story of the burglary "Entrance to Wilder & Puffer's warehouse is by : long flight of stone steps, leaving a gloomy archway to pass through. Two burglars were concealed in this archway, on the top flight of steps, although I had no idea of it. I had just turned into the arch way, and had my foot on the lowest step, preparatory to ascending in order to try the door, when the burglars, who could not have been over six feet away, opened fire on me. The first builet struck my watch chain, just below my heart, breaking the ring of the chain, and, passing through my clothing, brudsed the skin. The shock was so great that I fell to the sidewalk, with my back toward the burglars. They fired again, the bullet, which entered my spine, passing completely through my leg. A third bullet did not strike me. The burglars then fled. I called for help, and the night watchman at Armour's, whom I had left a few minutes before, rushed out to my as-

Coote's supposed assullants was arrested at Warehouse Point this merning, after robbing a store at Longmeadow, during which act he was shot in the face by one of the clerks. He confessed to this burg-lary, but denied any knowledge of Coote's shooting.

DRUNKEN NURSES IN A HOSPITAL.

CHARGES MADE BY THE HEALTH OFFICER OF SYRACUSE AS TO POLITICS IN THE

Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 21 (Special).—At a secret meeting of the Board of Health, held last night Dr. Van Duyn, the health officer, accused the nurses at the hospital of being drunkards, incompetent and insubordinate to the orders of Dr. Halstead, the physician in charge. Dr. Haistead has been put in charge of the two parents by the health officer, and two nurses are there to assist him. Dr. Van Duyn said that Dr. Halstead was repeatedly disobeyed by the nurses, who received his instructions with impudent would insist on closing the windows, retaining the foul air and making the place so foul that there was a horrible stench. Finally Dr. Halstead chopped a hole through a window with a hatchet as a last resort obtain ventilation. It was also charged by Dr. Van Duyn that most of the whiskey sent to the hospital for the patients was taken by the nurses, and that when the patient Lawrence Burke escaped from the hospital a few days ago, one of the nurses was asleep and the other was drunk. Since his capture Burke has been fettered to his bed by a rough chain fastened around his bare leg. The whole system was denounced as a scandal, and the appointment of nurses, it was declared, should be taken out of politics. At the close of Dr. Van Duyn's report, Commissioner Horton accused him, the health officer, of exaggeration. A mesbert Dunlan. Dr. Halstead said the charges made by Dr. Van Duyn were correct. It was finally that Dr. Van Duyn should have entire control of the institution and should appoint all the nurses. The members of the board at one time became so excited in their criminations and recriminations that Mayor Kirk, who presided, threatened to call the police.

Philadelphia, Dec. 21 (Special).—"The Bulletin" of the American Iron and Sicel Association, Issued to-day, says: "On the basis of careful calculations made by William Welhe, president, and William Martin, secretary, of the National Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers of the United States, the a the calendar year 1887 represented in wages paid tity of tin plates had been made in this country, the American standard of wages would have given our workingmen for this work about \$23,000,000. At leas, 35,000 worldngmen would be employed in this country to supply fully the demand of the United States for tin plates. TO RESTORE RATES.

ment is likely to be felt within a short time. Another company that has not yet joined in the movement is the Wabash Western, which is important only as a disturbing factor in the traffic between St. Louis and Kansas City. It was thought, however, that if Mr. Gould was willing to sign for the Missouri Pacific he would have no difficulty in prevailing upon the Wabash officers to give their assent.

The agreement, which was suggested by President Strong, of the Atchison, and Cable, of the Rock Island, is simply to maintain full schedule rates for sixty days from January 1, and after that time to require thirty days' notice from any

will be perfected. Several schemes have been suggested and the whole situation was discussed at these conferences. The plan which seems to meet the largest approval is to establish an operating company for all the railroads west of the Mississip; in which the present companies shall hold stock according to their earning capaci-